The Courier-Journal.

VOL. XXXIX. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1869. NEW SERIES, NO. 161.

WASHINGTON.

Who is to be Mr. Stanton's Successor?

Party from New Jersey Puts in an Appearance.

Opposition to Retiring the Three Per Cents.

Defeating the Tariff Bill.

Funeral of Hon. Edwin M. Stanton.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

NEW YORK.

Another Great Financial Plan Under Consideration.

All the Greenbacks to be Redeemed with Gold.

The Agent of a South American Republic Swindled out of Nearly a Million.

Beecher Pronounces a Eulogy on Stanton.

Trouble Among the National Banks.

An English Actress Sues Out a Peace Warrant.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

NASHVILLE.

Christmas Frolics—Two Persons Shot Dead—Killing Justified—Pollard's Opinions.

(Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.)

NASHVILLE, Dec. 27.—The Christmas frolics in this and some adjoining counties resulted in a number of tragedies. A sanguinary skirmish occurred in a bagnio in this city on Saturday night. R. M. Spooner shot G. A. Stewart, inflicting a mortal wound. Women and whisky were the cause.

Albert Hammer, negro, was shot and killed on Saturday morning, in a fist fight from the city and the body placed on the railroad track. Three trains passed over him, tearing him to pieces.

Near Cedarwood, Maury county, the same day, Erastus White was killed by a man named Pearson. The latter is a sewing machine agent, and the difficulty in the case was about a sewing machine.

In Spring Hill, Maury county, on the same day, a negro was killed. Two negros were arrested on suspicion.

In Hickman county, not far from Columbia, Hal Rives, a white man, was shot and killed by a negro on Christmas day. Too much whisky.

During the general jollification in this city on Saturday evening a negro woman tried to separate two boys who were fighting. One of them becoming annoyed, levelled his gun at her, when she turned and ran. The exulted villain fired, and the whole load of shot took effect in the back. The wounded woman was considered fatal.

A number of other accidents occurred, none of them fatal, however, as far as can be learned.

Senator Fowler is in the city. He expressed the opinion that Congress is like a cat watching a mouse, and is waiting patiently for the action of the coming convention in this State, and that if anything bordering on revolution is attempted, Tennessee will be promptly restored to a territorial condition. It is doubtful, however, if the convention will furnish the pretext for Congressional interference.

BOWLING GREEN.

A Daring and Successful Robbery.

(Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.)

BOWLING GREEN, KY., Dec. 27.—A daring robbery was committed here to-night. Frank Raymond, an engineer on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, was knocked down and overpowered by three ruffians near the depot. They cut his pocket and took out his side pocket containing sixty dollars and fled. They have not yet been captured. It is thought they are a gang of thieves who are following the pay train, which has just paid off the employes on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at this place.

CINCINNATI.

Fatal Result of a Family Quarrel—A Man Cuts His Wife's Throat and Then Blows his own Head Off.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 27.—An attempted murder and self-destruction of the murderer took place near Cheviot, six miles from here, last evening. Asa Wilder cut his wife's throat and then shot himself with a shot-gun. The difficulty between Wilder and his wife grew out of a young daughter of Mrs. Wilder paying attention to their eldest daughter. The mother severed the attentions of Bird and the father violently opposed them, and a year ago prohibited Bird on the public streets. The young lawyer since married the daughter. Discord has since reigned between the parents. Mrs. Wilder, against her husband's wishes, had gone home for some time. In addition to stable about the threat, she was beaten and gashed about the head a few days since by her husband. Two children ran and alarmed the neighbors, who came and found Mrs. Wilder lying in a pool of gore. Mr. Wilder was locked in a room adjoining. Those attempting to get in he said not to come in, as he would kill them. Presently the report of a gun was heard, and the door was forced in which he was locked was forced. He lay on the floor, with the top of his head blown off. He had taken a double-barrel shot-gun out of the stock, loaded both barrels with buckshot, and put the breech in the groin till the gun was discharged. The whole top of his head was blown off.

On the bed were a bowie-knife, dirk, pistols, razor and rope. He had written on the inside of the door in pencil a message to his children, as follows:

"This is all the damnable influences and rascality of Nicholas Bird. For nearly twenty years we lived happily, and till Bird came to exert his hellish influence we never had a cross word. During the last few years I have had but a poor wife and children and poor mother. Life has been a great burden.

JOHN R. WILDER."

Another message was as follows:

"My last. I am now ready, and will only say a few words in explanation. I did not intend to suffer myself to retire as the amount of legal tenders equal if not greater than the amount of certificates redeemed.

THE TARIFF.

The Ways and Means Committee will not reassemble till next week, when they will commence work on the last half of the tariff bill. They do not expect now to be able to report it till the end of January.

THE FUNERAL OF E. M. STANTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The funeral of Hon. E. M. Stanton to-day was very largely attended. The services were those of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which were performed by the Rev. Dr. Starkie, of the Church of Epiphany, of which the deceased was a member, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Pinckney, of the Church of Ascension, and the Rev. Dr. Sparrow. Among those present were Vice President Colfax and members of his household, Vice President Colfax and Senators and Representatives now in the city, the Judges of the Supreme and District Courts, officers of the army on duty in the department and the principal officers representing the judiciary and navy and marine services. Mr. Stanton was with the family of the deceased.

The remains of Mr. Stanton, who arrived to-day, at the depot, were met by Gen. T. T. Eckert. The Detroit Light Horse was represented by Messrs. Thorpe and others. The City Councils, the bar and a large number of citizens were also in attendance.

The funeral procession by the city was headed by Major Delaney, Major Land and Sergeant Jones, three of the family were privileged to see the face of the deceased. Services in closing the coffin, in the parlor, were attended by a few intimate friends of the family. Members of

The aggregate of the several items foots up $. He says, he which the parties paid only the

On the 15th instant, workmen in a coal-mine of [illegible] while taking out coal. It is supposed the fire has been burning there since 1862, when it was kindled by some lumberers to warm themselves.

The [illegible] of the citizens in Louisville, in the [illegible] was materially wounded by a Mr. Beatty, of Brooksville, in Bourbon county, Ala., last week. The sheriff was attempting to arrest Shelton on a [illegible] and, refusing to [illegible] and drew a pistol, when the officer called to Beatty, who had been employed to assist in the arrest, to shoot, which he did with the fatal above result.

The new steamer [illegible] Ferris, is finished. The Bulletin says: "The cattle cars, which are of the most substantial kind, carried their first live cattle on the 12th inst., which were taken on board of the steamship Wm. G. Hewes. This vessel is probably the most substantial ship in the South, and worthy of the enterprise and energy of Mr. Charles Morgan, who has opened up the carrying trade with Texas with the finest line of steamships that were ever put afloat.

The citizens of the several townships in Lincoln county, Mo., are holding meetings and appointing committees and making "arrangements for looking into the affairs of the county, and make out a report thereof." A correspondent, in the last issue of the Troy Herald, signed by John B. Knox, ex-sheriff of the county, asserts that $200 stays of [illegible] have been misappropriated by the County Court. He also calls for a publication of the county expenditures "before the [illegible] of a committee from the county is heard."

On the 15th instant John James and his brother, residing a short distance from Big Third Fork, DeKalb county, Missouri, were out hunting. When the son of the [illegible] about twenty paces off, the lead entering the breast of John James, killing him instantly. Next day, in the same county, James Warren and a companion went out to hunt turkeys. After separating, Warren went into some brush and began to call turkeys. His companion hearing him, and mistaking the call for that of turkeys, crept up and fired into the brush, [illegible] shooting Warren. Unfortunately the charge entered the head of Warren's uncle, [illegible] instant.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

[illegible] a population of 3,500 souls [illegible] out of a single school-house.

[illegible] county a few days ago a young man [illegible] of his grandfather's will.

[illegible] for Mayor and Councilmen of [illegible] came on the 3d of January.

[illegible] have been several shooting scrapes in [illegible] around Mount Olivet during the last month.

[illegible], who killed Thomas Wigton at Antioch [illegible], Davison county, recently, have succeeded in [illegible] escape.

[illegible] prisoners in the Covington jail, numbering [illegible] thirty, were treated on Christmas to eggs, turkey, pies, &c., by the jailer, Mr. G. B. [illegible].

[illegible] Griffith, who shot and killed Granville [illegible], in Robertson county, a few days ago, [illegible] been held to answer the charge of manslaughter.

[illegible] proceeds of the concerts given by the ladies of the Episcopal church at Hopkinsville last week amounted to $175. The money is to be applied in repairing the rectory.

John Hart, residing on the Dover pike, seven miles from Maysville, presented her husband with triplets last Wednesday. Two of children died, but the mother is doing well.

[illegible] 15th inst., James W. Staton, of Brooks[illegible]ssary of the Grand Master of the Grand [illegible] of Freemasons of Kentucky, organized [illegible] the officers of Mizpah Lodge No. [illegible] Milford, Ky., which was chartered at the [illegible] of the Grand Lodge.

Mr. Ware, John W. Ware, and H. Clay [illegible], of Brooksville, publish a challenge to [illegible] gentlemen of Germantown, to hunt [illegible] under the rules and regulations governing [illegible] Each party furnishing their own [illegible] and hunt separately or together.

[illegible] W. Smith, of Cynthiana, has this season [illegible] turkeys to Boston. They are taken [illegible], generally in droves, to Cynthiana, and [illegible] and packed. Packers pay by the [illegible] at from 15c to $1, and sell by the pound in the [illegible] ranging from 25c to 35c. The [illegible] weight of turkeys this season is about [illegible].

[illegible] in a radius of two or three hundred [illegible], situated in the southeast corner of [illegible] county, at the crossing of the Covington [illegible] turnpike and the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railroad, nineteen [illegible] from Covington by either road. It is surrounded by a fertile country, inhabited by [illegible] land-owners and a great number of [illegible] classes. It is in the midst of a tobacco-growing country and two tobacco warehouses [illegible] built.

[illegible] Howard, Esq., the oldest male resident of [illegible], and one of the wealthiest men in Kentucky, died on Saturday morning last. The deceased was in business relations, was extensively known throughout the whole country, and was [illegible] one of the most correct business men [illegible] and time. He went to Hickman [illegible] quite a poor boy, [illegible] and Pennsylvania and accumulated a very [illegible]. His estate is estimated by many [illegible] probably half a million dollars. He [illegible] bachelor, died [illegible] a will, and his [illegible] descends to his brothers and sisters.

[illegible] Todd left Owensboro on the 24th, to [illegible] winter in New Orleans and Baton [illegible] during a daughter living in each city. [illegible] of that city says: "We wish him a [illegible] in the spring. He is [illegible] identified with the history of the [illegible] to the veneration created by his gallant [illegible] in the war of 1812, and the highest [illegible] attained, that though a decided [illegible] the present Administration, he was [illegible] a cordial visit from Gen. J. C. [illegible] Carey Gordon Williams, with [illegible] had been intimately associated [illegible]

SOUTHERN NEWS.

[illegible] Vicksburg last week united [illegible]

[illegible] Antonio, Texas, has a free school in [illegible] operation.

[illegible] H. Heinrich, an old citizen of Memphis, [illegible] San Francisco on the 23d.

[illegible] companies of U. S. troops have been ordered [illegible] Charleston to Tallahassee, Fla.

[illegible] members of the South Carolina Legislature resigned to receive pay during the re-

[illegible] is estimated that an army of 32,000 Northern [illegible] are now raining on the Southern [illegible].

[illegible] colored society has been organized in Lagrange, Ga., of which Colonel G. P. Harrison is [illegible].

[illegible] A. R. Dodge, who murdered Dr. Thomas [illegible] at Courtland, Ala., has made his escape [illegible] jail.

[illegible] Alabama State Normal School, located at [illegible] Home, will be opened on the first of [illegible] remedy.

[illegible] freturer in Montgomery, Ala., advertises [illegible] grown on the plantation of Mrs. Harriet [illegible] Florida.

[illegible] residence of Rev. Samuel Anthony, at [illegible], Ga., was entered by burglars on Friday [illegible] and $800 carried off.

[illegible] George R. Fall, many years ago editor and [illegible] of the Mississippian, at Jackson, Miss., [illegible] creek on the 11th.

[illegible] was killed at Ripley, Miss., by [illegible] short time since. Hopkins surrendered [illegible]

[illegible] Ga., obtained $500 for the apprehension of Buck Maples, the murderer of young [illegible] on Tuesday, the 7th inst., at Camilla.

[illegible] man named Henry Parker, travelling [illegible] emigrant party bound for Kansas, was [illegible] death by a mule in Kansas City, Mo., on [illegible] last.

[illegible] a remarkable fact that the lunatic asylums [illegible] Southern States are full to overflowing. [illegible] Alabama and Georgia cannot begin to [illegible] the applicants.

[illegible] Partridge, Assessor of Kemper county, Miss., [illegible] a few days since by some person or persons [illegible]. Rumor has it that he was [illegible] Federal soldiers.

[illegible] Taber was accidentally killed near [illegible], Miss., a few days ago. The wagon [illegible] he was riding upon, and a barrel of [illegible] pin in the hands of a man named Milam [illegible] Abner Nolan in Montgomery, Ala., on [illegible] last, for twelve hours. Milam went to [illegible] in the hospital.

[illegible] Chamberlain, of Charleston, prohibits the [illegible] guns, pistols, &c., &c., [illegible] the prohibition to [illegible]

Under the heading "A Remarkable Case," the Randolph, (Mo.) Citizen of the 3d relates the following miraculous story: "About one year ago Mr. James Davis, of Monroe county, (near the Randolph line), an old gentleman 60 years of age, was taken with apoplexy like paralysis and for a long time the balance between life and death were equally poised. Finally, however, he recovered. Before his sickness, his eye-sight was nearly gone, his limbs trembled as if from palsy, his teeth were decayed and gone, so that had he died, death would have gained but a slim victory, as the old veteran had well nigh run his course. So he thought, though he lived. But mark the strange sequel. Health and vigor have not only returned, so that with good roads the old gentleman will go four miles to church, but his nerves are perfectly steady, his eye-sight is completely restored that he can read the finest print, and a new set of teeth have grown out and taken the place of the old. Verily, reality, the day of miracles does not seem to be over yet."

Senator Wilson is going to push the war against John Chinaman with vigor. With him consistency is not a jewel. All his own arguments in favor of Sambo apply to John. But what does he care? He ought to emigrate to California.

If Christmas was observed nowhere else it was observed by the newspapers, which fairly teem with one "damnable iteration" out of Chambers' Book of Days, Hone's Every Day Book and other comical, curious, poetic, statistical and legendary compilations.

If it must be confessed that the feeling at Frankfort was not very serene when the Legislature took its Christmas recess. But we hope the holidays will have a soothing effect. The members are all at home enjoying themselves. When they return to the State Capital, "let us have peace."

"Retrogression," says the Boston Advertiser, "is not [to] be thought of." No, that it is not, and if it were to be thought of it could not be put in practice. The Radical party is like the young gentleman in the German legend who sold his soul to the devil. He could not go back. He could not even halt. He was obliged to go forward over the precipice to his doom.

We observe among the expenses charged to the corporation of Cincinnati "six barrels of old Bourbon whisky—$1,685 15." How much of that whisky went to Nashville? How much of it is to go to Frankfort? Of course it isn't genuine liquor, but perhaps it would be ungenerous to go poking into its origin. Cincinnati whisky is no'orious. Members of the Legislature had better look out. There'll be trouble about that whisky yet, we fear.

"Truth" is the title of a paper just started at Hammonton, N. J. The titles of some of its leading articles are: "The Coming Church," "The Coming Conflict," "The Coming Man," "The Coming State," "The Coming Invention," "The Coming Church and the Freedman," "The Coming Child." There is quite too much of the "come" about this new paper. There is no room left for it to come to any good. In its second issue we shall expect to find an article announcing its "coming" suspension, and we shall expect that suspension to come at once.

Private letters from Washington, emanating from sources which we regard as entitled to serious consideration, assure us that a very earnest and well-directed effort will be made after the recess to serve Tennessee as Georgia has been served. Stokes and Maynard," says a letter which is now before us, "are working like beavers. When asked for a pretext, they say that no other pretext is wanted than the recent defeat of loyal men. If they can make a party question of their claim it will go through in spite of facts and laws." An apprehension of this kind would seem to be childish but for the unvarying conduct of this miserable, high-handed despotism which is resolved to rule or ruin the country, or both.

We publish this morning the particulars of a brutal tragedy that occurred in Mississippi on election day, and has already been referred to in our Southern news. It affords a fair illustration of the desperate uses to which the Radical domination in the South puts its officials, and the reckless indifference with which the Radical domination at the North observes the murderous acts of its emissaries. We have heard a good deal of the murder of Colonel Crane. We shall hear less of the murder of young Jones. But if the Oxford students had swung the Radical officials to a lamp-post, as they deserved to swing, we should, perhaps, have a proclamation declaring martial law and a fresh levy of troops. The military in Mississippi are about as reckless and corrupt as their Radical masters, and until the people of the North take the law into their own hands, or the people of the South are permitted to do so, we look for no redress. As it is, there is martial law only for one side and no law at all for the other. This is the theory of reconstruction, and it is as infamous as it is despotic.

The Radical journals of the country are trying to fan their readers into a very senseless fit of indignation on account of the want of respect which characterizes the Democratic treatment of the life, death and public services of Edwin M. Stanton. The grave, it is alleged, should cover up everything, and, the man being dead, his foibles should be honored. But they forget that it is the good which men do that is buried with their bones, and the evil which lives after them. Mr. Stanton exists in the mind of the Democratic masses of the North as the type and representative of persecution. Recent events brought him forward once more most conspicuously. It would be mockery to speak of him kindly; and therefore the little that has been said has at least the merit of honesty. When Thaddeus Stevens died there was a general tribute paid to his better nature. When Abraham Lincoln died people remembered only his virtues. The nature of the crimes which are laid at Mr Stanton's door does not permit the memory to stand still. He and Gen. Butler are imbedded in the imagination of the Democratic people as men wicked in themselves, as the enemies of peace, as the agents of bad passions. When they are concerned, Charity must needs stand aside for Justice.

Party Leaders.

It must be obvious to the most careless reader of the Congressional debates that the Democratic party has no leader in either of the two houses of Congress. Two or three of its members have more than average ability, and in the House of Representatives, there is perhaps a baker's dozen of respectable talents and experience. But there is not one that towers above the others so conspicuously as to point him out to the country as a chief to be followed and trusted. Mr. Brooks said Mr. Eldridge are ready and zealous without the power of commanding the attention of the Republicans, and consequently powerless with their own party. Mr. Voorhees is a man of genius who is mined only for set occasions. Mr. Kerr is altogether unstuffed, as much on account of his conservative character as his culture, for the rough-and-tumble business of the House, and ought to be transferred to the Senate, where he would be a power. The same criticism may be very justly passed upon Mr. Knott. All in all, Mr. Beck is the most imposing figure which the proceedings furnish us, and it is not yet determined whether he will not ultimately come to be accepted by the party as its leading spirit. Thus far there seems to be a lack of concert on account of the want of a leader, and in the Senate the withdrawal of Reverdy Johnson, Doolittle, Buckalew and Hendricks leaves us in very much the same situation. If Mr. McCreary had the legislature training, he has the capacity and force of character to fill a large gap, and no one will deny that Mr. Garrett Davis deals vigorously and ably with public questions. But a leader is not always the most intellectual or the most cultivated of his colleagues. He is generally the reverse. Mr. Clay led Mr. Webster, Judge Douglas led a Senate full of Democrats of superior education for years. Breadth of understanding, practical [illegible] magnetism; parliamentary tact and tuition; undoubting self-reliance and undoubted fidelity; a diffusive courage and a talent for repartee, embrace some of the rare and exceptional elements which enter into the combination necessary to qualify a man to be the leader of his party.

In 1854, when the Kansas-Nebraska measure was before Congress, the Senate turned to Stephen A. Douglas, and the House of Representatives to Stephens, of Georgia, as naturally and as cheerfully as if the two had been appointed by regular commission to lead the Democratic forces. There was at that time a more equal division of parties than there is at present, and the debates were enlivened by flashes of wit and eloquence, which we hear no longer. In its place we have the bullying, blackguardism of Ben. Butler, and the brittle and senseless radicalism of Drake. The majority carries itself with a swagger. The minority makes a feeble and querulous opposition. The words "rebel" and "traitor" and "loyalty," meaningless as they are, and unworthy, possess a potent influence yet. They are bandied about freely by the Radicals, and the Democrats prefer to dodge than to defy them; and this timorous policy only encourages the freer use of the really harmless mock heroics.

It is a curious fact that Kentucky has a greater amount of ability in Congress now than any of the States of equal representation. The reason, however, is not hard to find. In Kentucky the people have been free to choose for themselves. Down South the people have not been free to choose at all. In the North Congressional representatives have never been selected out of the best material. Where population is densest professional capacity is well paid. An eminent lawyer or journalist or doctor in one of the great Northern cities can not afford to give up a practice of ten or twenty thousand dollars a year to engage in a dirty and expensive scuffle for the doubtful honor of wasting a couple of years in Congress. Those who have done so have regretted it. In less densely populated regions, where professional services, no matter how brilliant, fetch very much less, going to Congress may be a remunerative business transaction. Hence the North used to be represented by its poorest men. The South was represented by its best.

This is a period of transition. The country at large is filling up. It is becoming more populous. The professions are growing in definiteness. Formerly politics was a game of speculation, an accessory to law or physic or editing or farming, not a distinct profession in itself. Henceforward it must take its place as a profession, and a perfectly respectable profession too. To be a politician must not imply anything that is not creditable. Public business should be intrusted to those who are educated to it, and the education is of too serious a kind to be lowered in the popular esteem. Our greatest statesmen have never been our best professional men, but men who gave their whole lives to the study of government.

Cape Cod.

De Lesseps' great triumph at Suez has inspired Cape Cod with a desire to have a canal of her own. With a canal of her own Cape Cod would have nothing more to wish for. Every other terrestrial blessing is already hers. When the Legislature of Massachusetts meets, she will appeal to that body for authority to construct the work. If her appeal is successful, she will at once seize her spades and hoes and go to work on the big ditch. She should by all means employ Gen. Benjamin F. Butler as engineer and superintendent of the work. It took him but five months, at an expense of a few thousands of lives and a few millions of money, to dig the renowned Dutch Gap Canal, and we all know what a gorgeous success that was. But there is something beyond a mere joke in this Cape Cod enterprise. The New York Evening Post gives the following statistics to show the importance of the canal: "Forty thousand vessels sail every year around Cape Cod, and the value of these vessels and their cargoes is estimated at $300,000,000. The passage in winter is perilous. In 17 years the marine disasters numbe: 100. Last winter 40 foreign vessels were frozen in at Holmes' Hole, and were prevented from making the passage round the Cape. The proposed canal will save every year $1,000,000 in shortening passages, and $200,000 in lessening disasters." It is understood that the company who will apply for a charter will ask no and from the State, and that certain capitalists in Philadelphia and New York are interested in the enterprise. But who would have supposed that even the entire wiping out of Cape Cod would be of so much importance to the shipping interests of the country?

☞ The New York Star, the organ of the workingmen of that city, claims to be independent in politics, but it cannot always conceal the tender feeling it secretly cherishes for the Radical party. Yet it is more honest than journals with such proclivities usually are, and now and then upbraids Radicalism for its unblushing rascality. Under the head of "Lop-sided Loyalty" it says "the Radicals have carefully guarded against the possibility of the recent measures with regard to Georgia being made final. The original bill declared that its purpose was to 'perfect reconstruction in that State, the ultra Republicans managed to alter this word to 'promote,' thus leaving the unhappy State a prey to endless measures in the future. Really, this tinkering business is getting very tiresome. The great body of the people desire to see the family of States once more harmonious; the body of Radical Republicans appear to wish to delay such a consummation as long as possible, as the sole means of maintaining their present ascendancy in the Government." This is the simple truth about the matter. The party in power will never complete "the work of reconstruction" in Georgia, nor elsewhere, until it can be completed in the sole interest of that party. If the bill passed the other day doesn't settle the business in Georgia, Bullock will find it out, and Congress will pass one that will settle it.

☞ The "civilization" of New England is said, by New England herself, to be the "highest type" of that article. But it has never been affected much by other sections of the country. This is owing, perhaps, to the many curious things that happen under its reign. For instance, at the general term of the County Court in Caledonia county, in Vermont, it appeared that a pauper seventy-five years old had been confined for a long time in a dungeon and kept upon thin gruel, on account of a refusal to pay his poll and dog tax in Lyndon. On the trial it was proved that the papers for his imprisonment were not properly made out, and that he was not legally bound to pay the taxes, as he owned no dog and was not a resident of Lyndon. In what State west of the Hudson could such a piece of injustice and cruelty have happened? The jury awarded the old man $200 damages, when he should have had ten thousand.

CITY ITEMS.

☞ E. H. Monroe, with J. C. Wood & Co., manufacturers and jobbers in hosiery, gloves, yarns, and ladies', gentlemen's and children's knit underwear, No. 168 West Market street, between Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky. (Sign of giant stocking.) Wholesale and retail.

Coughs and Colds are often overlooked. A countenance for any length of time causes irritation of the lungs or some chronic throat disease. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are effected with the fullest confidence in their efficacy, giving almost invariably sure and immediate relief.

☞ Furniture buyers will recollect S. G. Henry & Co.'s sale of magnificent furniture, mattresses, bedding, &c., at auction, from 10 to 12 o'clock, this morning, Tuesday, at 56 Fourth, at auction rooms, by order of underwriters.

Cheapest, Largest and Best Portrettypes or Photographs. Tyler's New Gallery, No. 26 Main, below Second street. 16 for $1 cents. All pictures warranted to please or no pay.

☞ The most beautiful photographs or porcelain pictures, all sizes, painted or plain, ever made in this city, are now made at No. 152 Third-st., between Jefferson and Green. Go and be sure you find the right place. Go in the forenoon.

☞ The great holiday confections and bonbons manufactured by Stephen T. Whitnell a fion at their splendid new buildings, south west corner of Twelfth and Market streets, Philadelphia. Send your orders early.

TAKE AS A PREVENTIVE.

The Remedy of its Superiority Over All Other Chill Remedies.

Winternmith's Tonic Syrup or Improved Chill Cure is not only an excellent tonic, acting upon the liver also, so that in cases where persons are bilious, as indicated by sallow complexions, loss of appetite, &c., generally followed by chills and fever, or in higher latitudes or in more severed situations by continued or intermitting fever, the use of this tonic for a few days will entirely relieve these symptoms, and show evidence of its efficacy by restoring the normal clearness of the complexion, and in an increased appetite and a renewed healthy action of the secretory organs. This is really the only remedy ever offered to the public over the so-called tonics now in use, the best of which are but anti-periodics, and whilst they may break the chills, they do not remove the cause of the disease, but leave the system as bad or in a worse condition than when first taken. The use of this medicine is therefore indicated in cases where persons are exposed to miasmatic influences, and is as valuable in warding off attacks of bilious and other fevers as in curing chills and fevers. By the use of calorine or carbolic acid in the sleeping chambers, and a proper use of Winternmith's Tonic Syrup as indicated by the symptoms, a person may live and enjoy good health in the most malarious districts.

Texas.

The Lone Star State heard from. An unsurpassed letter from Judge Gould, of Waco, Wright, one of the oldest and best citizens of Texas; a man of sterling worth and general influence throughout the State; one of her representatives in the Congress when she was a republic, and one of her legislators as long as she was a State under the old Union:

PARIS, TEXAS, Oct. 25, 1869.

Messrs. W. H. Walker & Co., Louisville, Ky.:

DEAR SIRS:—For the past year I have thoroughly tested your Tonic Bitters, and take great pleasure in recommending them to all persons afflicted as I have been, with chills and fever. I have been severely afflicted with general debility, and have used various remedies and medicines for any kind of business. Dr. *I. J.* Feinstecher, knowing my condition, recommended your Tonic Bitters. Others recommended one of them about the first of May last, and have been steadily improving in health and strength, and for the seventy years of age, my health has been restored to be the use of your Tonic Bitters, and I am now able to attend to my business. I take pleasure in recommending them to all persons afflicted as I have been, believing that they will do everything that are recommended for.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. W. GOULD.

What an Eminent Chemist Says.

Read the testimonial of Dr. J. P. Barnum, the eminent chemist and proprietor of the well-known Louisville Chemical Works:

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS, July 16, 1869.

Dr. Winternmith:

DEAR SIR: I am acquainted with your formula and method of preparing your Chill Cure or Improved Chill Tonic, and have pleasure to state that it contains no arsenic, but is entirely a vegetable preparation, and, in my opinion, is much more than ordinary worth as a domestic remedy for malarious diseases. I have recommended it in several cases of chills and fever and other malarious, some of them for years, and it has been in every case a perfect success.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D.

☞ Winternmith's Tonic Syrup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

Home Testimony.

Read the certificate of E. A. Grosham of the Louisville Transfer Company:

I have taken nearly all the alterative medicines in the market, but found nothing to do me half so much good as Winternmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Bitterga. E. A. GROSHAM, Louisville Transfer Company.

LOCAL NOTICES.

E. B. TIPPETT & CO.'S BOOKS.

The great closing sale goes on with immense strides. All must be sold. If you wish to buy BOOKS now is your chance. "Who hesitates is lost"—so far as these great bargains are concerned.

The Remedy

Is a potent remedy in all chronic diseases. The following is a certificate from G. W. Blount, Esq., attorney at law:

"This is to certify that I was afflicted with chronic inflammation of the ear from about 1856 until this summer, when it assumed such a troublesome form as to give great pain. I was at times partially deaf, and the inflammation and almost continual flow of matter kept the outside of the ear badly inflamed. I was induced to try Dr. Lawrence's Remedies, and I now think I am entirely cured.' This preparation has ceased, I can hear as well as ever, and there is not that itching sensation in the ear which before so much annoyed me.

"My general health has also been greatly improved, and I have been entirely free from my usual bilious attacks, &c., this season of the year. I can confidently recommend the Remedies as an 'extraordinary blood purifier,' &c.

"GEO. W. BLOUNT."

dc22 eod6

☞ We are closing out our large assortment of walkii g canes cheap. WOLF & DURRINGER. dlt dlf

You Can Regulate the Color.

Every natural shade from light brown to deepest black is imparted by PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR. The number of applications determines the tinge. It would be like comparing shining water to the drainings from a marsh, to compare it with the ordinary hair dyes. dc26eod

☞ Buy your boy a good silver watch, warranted, for $15, at WOLF & DURRINGER'S. dc2 dlf

Milham's Golden Cod Liver Oil.

With Hypo-phosphite of Lime, a great improvement; made with the best oil known; it unites efficacy with pleasant flavor and easy digestibility. Sold by all respectable druggists.

J. MILHAU'S SONS,
182 Broadway, New York.

☞ You can get a splendid American Watch, 18 carat gold, for $16, at WOLF & DURRINGER'S. dc13 dlf

☞ Away with uncomfortable trusses—comfort and cure for the ruptured. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address

DR. E. B. FOOTE,
de14-eod3m 120 Lexington Ave., N. Y.

☞ You can get a good alarm clock, warranted to keep good time, for $2 50, at WOLF & DURRINGER'S. dc12 dlf

☞ To remove moth patches, freckles and tan from the face, use Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists. dec7 eod3m

☞ Go to the clock house to see the assortment. [dlf dlf] WOLF & DURRINGER.

☞ Away with spectacles. Old eyes made new, easily, without doctor or medicines. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address

DR. E. B. FOOTE,
de14-eod3m 120 Lexington Ave., N. Y.

☞ Call and see the new styles of plaied tea sets at [dlf dlf] WOLF & DURRINGER'S.

☞ Perry's Comedone and Pimple Remedy positively cures comedones (black heads or grubs); also red, white and matterated pimples on the face. Depot 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by druggists everywhere. dec7 eod3m

☞ New styles of plaied ware, just opened, at dc12 dlf WOLF & DURRINGER'S.

Money Loaned on Collateral Security.

Ladies and gentlemen wanting to borrow money for a few days or weeks, can consult their own interests by a call at this office. Gold and silver watches, diamonds, &c., and other valuables taken as security. Business fair, equitable, and satisfactory, by

de5 dlm C. HAGAN, 114 Third street.

☞ Elgin watches, gold or silver cases, in great variety at [dlf dlf] WOLF & DURRINGER'S.

LOCAL NOTICES.

NEW YEAR JUVENILE BOOKS.

E. H. Tippett & Co., by order of the [illegible] are closing out sets of [illegible] Books at greatly reduced prices. Depot, Bond [illegible] No. 3 [illegible]

☞ We have opened the cases of many destroyed, damaged and forfeited invoices of worsted and prepainted flannels, which [illegible] a new lease of life, and gratuitously receiving [illegible] were from the effects of Excelsior Burning Fluid. We also call particular attention to the [illegible] of [illegible] colored Opera Flannels, which are [illegible] selling at [illegible] per yard. Remember the place, No. 152 West Main st., between Jefferson and Green.

MAGNOLIA WATER—Superior to the best imported Cologne, delightful and lasting. Sold at half the price. de23 eod3m

NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

Hundreds are buying beautiful New Year Presents at E. H. Tippett & Co.'s, where, by order of the Assignee, they are sold at an immense sacrifice.

Call at once and secure!

Hall's Hair Renewer

Is a beverage particularly adapted to ladies of work and debilitated constitutions, and all those who are suffering from spasmodic, nervous, sick-headache, chlorosis, &c., general debility and derangement of the whole system. It takes the place of and is superior to ale, porter, and spirituous liquors as a medicinal agent, and to all cases where slightly stimulative beverages and tonics are needed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS. de30eod

☞ Handsome wrench clocks at WOLF & DURRINGER'S d13 dlf

Testimony of a Physician.

Hayward, Ind.

I have been selling Winternmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges, and them using it have no fear reported to its being superior to anything of the kind ever used by them. I cheerfully preserve it as a very convenient and satisfactory way of using Santonin.

J. B. TILMAN, M. D.

☞ Furniture buyers will recollect S. G. Henry & Co.'s sale of magnificent furniture, mattresses, bedding, &c., at auction, from 10 to 12 o'clock, this morning, Tuesday, at 56 Fourth, at auction rooms, by order of underwriters.

WOLF & DURRINGER'S.

WINTERSMITH'S TONIC SYRUP,

Or Improved Chill Cure,

Is a certain cure for Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, Periodical Headache, Neuralgia, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, and all diseases arising from Malaria, Miasma, Impure Air or Water, Change of Climate, &c.

Sold by all druggists. Price $1 per bottle, or two bottles for $2.

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY,

Or Santonin Lozenges,

Can be depended on as a CERTAIN REMEDY. Pleasant to the taste, children are fond of them.

For sale by all Druggists.

PETER, POWERS & COOPER,

[SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, PETER, & CO.]

Wholesale Druggists,

272 Main st., bet. Seventh & Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

General Wholesale Agents.

de8 dw6wwfy

WINTERSMITH'S

Concentrated Compound

FLUID

EXTRACT BUCHU

—AND—

PAREIRA BRAVA,

A Certain and Specific Remedy for

Calculous Gravel, Non-retention or Incontinence of the Urine, Mucous Discharges, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Inflammation of the Bladder, Gleet, Diabetes, and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female.

Prepared with Great Care and Skill by One of the Most Eminent Chemists of the Country.

Superior to Any Preparation of Buchu Ever Offered to the Public.

This highly concentrated extract is carefully made by displacement, without the use of heat, from the best Buchu leaves, combined with Pareira Brava, Juniper Berries, and Cubebs, and is offered to the public as a safe, sure, and speedy cure for all derangements of the bladder, kidneys, &c.

The common method of so treating the properties of medicinal herbs, roots, &c., by heat is now known in many cases to injure, if not entirely destroy, their efficacy. By careful displacement with the proper menstrum, I have avoided this error, and have here provided an extract so concentrated that the dose, though small, contains more of the properties and virtues of the drugs than other popular doses of same kind on the market. It contains all the virtues of the fresh Buchu leaves greatly increased in its efficacy by being combined with the other ingredients in such a way as to add greatly to its curative powers.

Its good effects are immediate, and the patient is encouraged to persist in its use in chronic cases until a cure is effected.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu

IS A PREPARATION OF

Genuine Merit,

AND HAS

ALL THE VIRTUE CLAIMED FOR IT.

As a Diuretic it is Unrivaled; Cheaper in Price and Better in Quality than any Extract Buchu in the Market.

PRICE

$1 per Bottle, Six for $5.

For sale by all Druggists.

Prepared by C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville, Ky.

PETER, POWERS, & COOPER,

[Successors to Wilson, Peter, & Co.]

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

272 Main street, bet. Seventh and Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

General Wholesale Agents.

de27 dw6wwfy

WINTERSMITH'S

WORM CANDY,

OR

SANTONIN LOZENGES

The Most Reliable Vermifuge Ever Offered to the Public.

Compounded of Purely Vegetable Ingredients.

ENTIRELY HARMLESS—SAFE FOR CHILDREN OF ANY AGE.

Never Fails to Effectually Destroy Worms.

Stops the discovery of Santonin, the medicine active principle of the European Worm-seed (the most Central-ian consumption has wonderfully increased). The most in substance has been long and generally known as a vermifuge, but its unpleasant taste was odor, and the bulk of the dose, have interfered with its use in this country. All these items, the Santonin, on account of its being tasteless, and a reliable vermifuge, is best displacing all other remedies.

Almost all of the parents' every summer of the day demand for their offspring (upon the footsteps which they certainly but in those it choose in varying proportions and of uncertain purity and value. Hence is considerable [illegible] upon the physicians, and of the [illegible] of the [illegible] this valuable medicine in a simple, reliable, and agreeable form, in determined quantities, and of uniform composition. To accomplish this, I have prepared these lozenges with great care, of Santonin of tested purity, very carefully divided and thoroughout them with the Lozenges harmless.

The worm candy is now so compounded that the Lozenges will stand unaltered by time or climate. The boxes are also impervious to moisture from the atmosphere.

To give the fastenin time for full effect upon the worm, the addition of any purgative medicine to the Lozenges has been avoided. It may therefore be proper, two or three hours after the administration of the second dose, to use some simple purgative for the purpose only of discharging the worms.

These Lozenges contain only pure sugar and pure Santonin. The only merit I claim is the ascertained purity of the ingredients, and in their weight and exact distribution so that each Lozenge contains the correct portion of Santonin; the dose sufficiently indicating the quantity.

C. H. WINTERSMITH.

Thousands of Children die annually for the want of a Reliable Worm Destroyer.

WINTERSMITH'S

WORM CANDY,

OR

Santonin Lozenges,

Can be depended on as a CERTAIN REMEDY. Pleasant to the taste, children are fond of them.

For sale by all Druggists.

PETER, POWERS & COOPER,

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C. H. WINTERSMITH.

Thousands of Children die annually for the want of a Reliable Worm Destroyer.

FURNITURE

$25,000 Worth of Furniture! At Cost!

We will sell our stock at cost for the remainder of the season.

Parlor, Bed-room, Library, and Dining-room Furniture;

Also, a large stock of Spring, Hair, Spring, Moss, Cotton and Husk Mattresses.

MATTRESSES!

J. M. STOKES & SON,

74 & 76 MAIN STREET.

de28 dlf

MEETINGS.

Attention, Sir Knights!

The officers and members of Louisville Commandery, No. 11, Knights Templar, are requested to meet at their Asylum, on Fourth street, between Main and Market, on Wednesday, December 29, 1869, at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Sir Knight, Thomas Bullitt, Esq. Sir Knights from other Commanderies are cordially invited to attend. By order of the Eminent Commander.

E. S. FAIRLEIGH, Recorder.

Notice.

Yellow Cloud Tribe, No. 2,
of Improved Red Men,
Louisville, Ky., Dec. 15, 1869.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank will be held at its office on Monday, January 3, 1870, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the election of nine Directors, and from 12 M. until 2 P. M. for the transaction of other business. By order of the Board.

E. S. FAIRLEIGH, Cashier.

Notice.

THE will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville Gas Company, at the office of the Company, on Monday, January 3, 1870, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. The polls will be open from 10 o'clock a. m. to 2 o'clock p. m.

THEODORE HAMES, President.

Notice.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville Gas Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on Monday, January 3, 1870, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m.

WOLF & DURRINGER'S.

WINTERSMITH'S TONIC SYRUP,

Or Improved Chill Cure,

Is a certain cure for Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, Periodical Headache, Neuralgia, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, and all diseases arising from Malaria, Miasma, Impure Air or Water, Change of Climate, &c.

Sold by all druggists. Price $1 per bottle, or two bottles for $2.

WINT

Courier-Journal.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1869.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.

Egyptian Products.

The Egyptian royalty now jaunting in Europe are exhibiting all the ingenuous ignorance of the land of the pyramids. Great is royalty and Judge Lynch, to which a number of the beautiful ladies have appealed. Only Ultra-Democrats do not pay homage to the monarchs of the earth. Whether the latter were more entertained in public and private receptions, all made up a charming variety of spirits and wines. The Khedive of Egypt has received quite a sensation by his Egyptian tour, and the splendors of a reception are the ability topics among the Continental papers.

II.

Literary Sunday.

begins the new year as an illustrated weekly paper, with the size of the Illustrated London News. The first number will be issued on the 1st of January, with the commencing its new as an illustrated paper. As a family contains a serial and critical reader that is not inferior in the literature of the day, it is not surpassed by any of the day.

III.

Judge Lynch.

obituaries, biographies, incidents of the and anecdotes about the late Edwin ham take up great space in the North ... The sudden adulation and ... bestowed on him by those, and the ... rather stupefied him. According to he was a cross between Robespierre and the other worst monsters ... been Nero, Caligula, Robespierre, the VIII and Jeffries ... Yet, as we have said, the ... analysis of his character is up ... he there has been nothing but ... ness, and consequently no un...

IV.

A Rogue Lunatic.

... matron has just been indicted in ... for petit larceny. She pleaded that ... of being in a cell next to another ... created a horrible influence upon ... prepared himself, by much ob... some private rehearsals, to be ... role of lunatic. He was placed ... and still persisted in ... about the influence of somnifer... and finally, after being tied up ... by the thumbs, confessed that ... of his to keep from work, and, ... not to escape from which he ... The prospect of a year's labor ... shoe-shop was what induced him ... the keepers. It was a very ... but, unfortunately for him, there ... rough "method in his madness."

V.

Snow.

... from Suez has fairly come. ... The novelty of the opening of the ... died out, and there is no farther ... to be gotten out of it. The Khe... received sundry flattering addresses, ... felicitations. The Sultan has an... that is to be his Egyptian policy for ... and that is to be his European ... for every one to return home. ... to the official fist, forty-eight vessels, ... from ten to fifteen and a half feet ... have passed from Port Said and Ismail... Suez, between the contractors and ... Company, on March 1, 1870. ... Paschen, then, competently speaking, ... says that the visit of the Prince of ... was the signal for many manifesta... of regard, and M. de Lesseps enjoys ... new title of Duke of Suez as much as he ... the society of his charming young bride.

VI.

Postal.

... may not be uninteresting to some of our ... to know that under the new postal ... agements between the United States and ... nce, after the first of January "letters of ... ounces weight, sent direct, require pre... amount of sixty centimes; sent by way of ... land, seventy centimes. Stamps are to be ... ed of the French administration. In... sufficient payment under the postage, will ... the engagement of all letters carried by ... packet of that policy." As arranged ... been effected, also, by which the ... between this country and Great Bri... materially reduced after the first ...

The cheap postage system has ... been by the increasing inter... between the United States and ... the Continental powers ...

VII.

The Shenandoah Calamity.

The memory of the dreadful Avondale dis... is revived by the details of this unfor... affair in Pennsylvania. From the way ... ences are worked in those coal regions ... wonder is that time disaster do not ... What with the greed of the ... to drive over their men, and the reckless... laborers, there is but little se... men working in them; then the ... to "rush things," and the damage ... from the closure for accidental ... inspection. Illustrative the original ... Shenandoah Herald, which says: "... is nothing as cheap as ..." A few dozens or hundreds ... killing underground who ... killed alive or suffocated ... and in the meantime ... their bones. The only ... given by the Commissioner of Labor ... suggesting the subject by having proper ... the miners and otherwise providing ... for, would be to make the owners ... for murder wherever an accident ... which was clearly their fault.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

... was wanted consolidook for its Christ... ...

... PUFF is back again from Europe in ... health; and looks a powerful bow ...

... is said to have looked pale and ... last time he was seen on Advent ...

... THURMAN is the theatrical headlight in ... Wisconsin. He plays with a good ... on light parts. ...

... ANNA FRYING, daughter of the Dr. ... killed General Van Dorn, has just ... York vell in St. Louis. ...

... that the situation was "respect... ... time had feared by wrong... ... Executive white wash... ...

... for old uncle Gid ... suffering down... ... the Navy Depart... ...

... the noblest statesmen, ... to the patriotism ... five thousand dollar ...

... has "stayed out" ... to the cross ques... ... "where the ...

... says pretty ... with fruit ... down ... better with a cold potato. ...

... ECONOMY" should KNOW the ... ... the most superbly dressed lady in ... dance at the Egyptian Vice-Regal ball ... was one of our own countrywomen, ... de Villa, a beautiful American lady, ... wife of a Parisian banker. ...

... TON HALE, of New York, thus sets forth ... advantages of the city he presides over: ... ers you enjoy extensive freedom—freedom ... newspaper, freedom in religion, freedom to gamble in ... Wall street, freedom in marriage, freedom in ... divorce, free lager, free fights, free voting, free ... ere."

... FECHTER, says the New York Express, is ... actor who has almost entirely discarded the ... almost every purpose is employed as a ... convenient vestibules of the stage, ... ornaments, natural, the embodi... of progress in art. He plays Hamlet in ... own wig, in the very face of time-honored ... tion. He does not stop there, though, ... into his every impersonation, infuses the ... the refinement, the taste and the art of the ... nineteenth century."

... TOM HOOD said he wrote to his butcher that ... was necessary, for the sake of cheap jests ... and the interests of the reading public, ... he should furnish him with meat at a ... trifling percentage above cost price. ... Mr. Stokes replied: "His Respectful ... Cheap Ebenezers be blowed! Butchers ... live as well as other people; and if ... or the redis' public wants to have meat ... cost price, you must buy your beasts ... kill yourselves."

... MR. CHARLES ROSENTON, in his diary, describes ... Paganini, the king of violinists, as he was when ... he saw him. His figure and face amount to ... caricature. He is a tall, slim ... ure, with limbs which remind one of ... a spider; his face very thin, ... forehead broad, his eyes gray and piercing ... with bushy eyebrows, his nose thin and long, ... his cheeks hollow, and his chin sharp and ... narrow. His face forms a sort of triangle. ... His hands the oddest imaginable, fingers ... enormous length, and thumbs bending back ... wards.

... London Athenæum thus graphically ... Grisi the great singer who recently ... other of penetrating sweetness and ... true execution, physical beauty that ...

... ad martion could relgenius, no passion d'art, vivacity bright enough for entertainment, energy enough for the highest efforts. Then, it will that nobody could detect, understand to be some defect of the kind. Again, ... attribution the successful teacher calls in her powers, and the result is that Jenny Lind, ... daughter, that I am told has been ... a singer, and that she will be ... Lind of her day without ever ... her real voice, or ... the artist we may ... truth. Then let us all be ... we shall not have to regret."

VIII.

Lord Derwent Nonconformist.

... Derwent Nonconformist was so named ... British and Foreign Bible Society, recently ... while on a voyage from Liverpool to Mexico, ... is reported to have been saved. He was a Lord ... by birth, and about fifty years of age. ... He was an Oxford man by education, and in ... his years won for Balliol College a high place ... in the university honor lists, taking first-class ... in classics. ... In order to obtain the highest training for the ... in service he became Mr. Gladstone's private ... secretary when that gentleman held the posi... tion of President of the Board of Trade. In ... 1859, he was one of the barristers of the Ex... chequer Chambers, and for his services was ... made a C. B. His Parliamentary career has ... never been of the most successful character. ... He was an able speaker, and after a comparatively short Parliamentary training he was ... made Financial Secretary of the Treasury in ... 1866. Lord Derby, when he formed his last ... Board of Trade in 1868, and some months later ... he was appointed Secretary of State for India.

IX.

Gen. John G. Walker, of Texas, who has ... associated with John Capt. R. P. Boyce, has ... succeeded, after much difficulty, in effecting a ... contract with three hundred Chinese labor... ers, who were contracted to work three years, ... and are to be transported to Texas via the ... Houston (Texas) and Central railroad. The ... Chinamen are now en route to Texas via the ... Pacific railway and New Orleans. Thus the ... rapid completion of much-needed railroads ... will be forwarded through the foresight, ... energy and sagacity of these gentlemen. ... The credit of this first successful importation ... of Chinese labor is due to Gen. Walker, how... ever, who contracted with the Houston and ... Central railroad company to deliver three ... hundred Chinese laborers to work on that ... road, and the contract with the Chinese was ... in his name and was made through his efforts ... in behalf of the railroad company. The ... Chinese he contracted for are from the dis... trict of Canton, province of Kwang Tung. ... Captain Boyce, who has merely a silent interest in ... the enterprise, unwittingly conveys a different ... impression.

Miss Collins, a muscular young New England factory girl, has raised the standard of revolt. Listen to her: "In old times," she says, "factory girls were treated like human beings, but that is all changed now. Those days have become mere serfdom, and in their wild rush for wealth they feel forgotten all honor and forsaken every feeling of humanity." The Cocheco Mills in Dover, which had attempted to cut down the wages of the girls 10 per cent. in the dead of winter, got a very spiteful warning. In describing the strike of the girls for their rights, she said that one little son of a member of the factory corporation indulged in chaste fun them as they passed the streets, and was successfully thrashed by his father that he cried with pain. She also related an incident of the wife of a member of the St. Clair's, who, refusing to join in the strike, her husband threatened to be divorced from her, and rather than be severed from her fair lord she relented, and suffered with the gallant band of eight hundred. Miss Collins and her confederates want an organization to secure the protection of the working women of the country against the encroachments of capital.

The Boston Post thus epitomizes the story of George Peabody's love, as authentically told by a writer in the Providence Journal: "More than thirty years ago a Providence schoolgirl, of rare beauty and good character, bestowed her first love in a youth of a neighboring city. They were "engaged," but he failed in business, could not afford to marry and re... leased her from her engagement, she going to Europe with her friends. There she met Gen. Peabody, then, comparatively speaking, a young man, but one who was already making his mark, and whose wealth was beginning to pour in on every side. He became enamored of her beauty and grace, and finally made to her an offer of marriage. After some hesitation she accepted her new suitor and returned to America his affianced wife. Here she met her former lover, the old affection returned, and she began to plan away in an appropriate manner. At length she told all to Mr. Peabody, and begged him to release her, which, considerated his every action, gave her up, and, in due time, she was married and settled. This is the one romance in the life of the great philanthropist. The lady was left a widow not many years after, but it is not known whether Mr. Peabody ever met her again."

AN IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.

Progress of the Elizabethtown and Paducah R. R. Enterprise.

[From the Kentucky Statesman.]

I am glad to know the satisfactory and rapid progress of this new and valuable enterprise in this city, and to the counties through which it passes. Since the commencement of work on the road, the first division of fifty-nine miles has the grading nearly completed and ready for the rails. The bridges over the three great rivers in its course are under contract, and the work is being done on them. The work of grading on the second, fourth and fifth divisions (the latter near the Paducah end) is in progress of contractions for several months. Track-laying is in progress from Elizabethtown, and several miles have been completed. An engine and construction-train daily passes over it. I do not remember that any road built in Kentucky has done so well, and I think great credit is due to the energy and skill of the President, board of directors and chief engineer for its present favorable condition.

We occasionally hear complaints from our citizens of late that this road did not commence at this point instead of Elizabethtown, and that he knows of no reason why the construction of the talked-of road from Lexington to Elizabethtown. I do not see the force of these objections. The road from Lexington to Elizabethtown would cost a very large sum. The line of the road passes through very broken and rough country, with Muldraugh's Hill to overcome, whose heavy cost, and, if ever built, cannot shorten the time in any through travel more than two hours. Nor is it probable that there is to cost at least four millions of dollars will be constructed, to make so small a difference, when there is a road already in operation that costs not a thousand dollars per mile.

And further as to these complaints. If the citizens of Lexington want a Southern connection with Elizabethtown, they can have it by connect with the Louisville and Nashville road at that place? Surely they would. So I think if the people of Frankfort, up and down, the feelings of our citizens will be changed.

Our people are now paying twenty cents per bushel for coal. This road passes through very extensive coal fields, and will be able to furnish this city with coal at far less cost than Pittsburg does now. Then will the mule and car means and energy the completion of this road that promises such early success, if even at a delay of other and more extensive and more uncertain of construction.

The late Mr. Guthrie, who suggested and originated the building of this road, and whose great public spirit is still the praise of all our citizens, planned a high estimate on the local income from its agricultural products alone on its line, and if the immense amount of coal can be successfully accomplished (and few doubt it) its business will quite equal, if not surpass, that of any road or rails in the State; making the stock in the road a good paying investment. Before closing I will offer a few short chapters from the history of the year, thereby indicating manufacturing establishments, which more than anything else tend to increase population and wealth.

ENTERPRISE.

LEBANON.

Its Business and its People—What Might Be—Labor and the Logic of Events.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

Lebanon, Ky., Dec. 27.

Lebanon is pleasantly situated in the midst of a fertile portion of the State, and has a place of much more business than its first appearance to a stranger would indicate. With a population of probably more than 4,000, it does far more business—especially in merchandising—than many places with a much larger population. Its merchants seem to fully comprehend the fact that a small profit on a large amount of goods is better than a large profit on a small amount—that ten per cent. on $500 worth is more than twenty per cent. on $100 worth—a fact which many either disregard or fail to comprehend. But there is a great neglect of

MANUFACTURING

in Lebanon, though there are many inducements for manufacturers to establish themselves here. Lumber of excellent quality for almost every purpose is cheap and easily obtained, or would be if there was a demand for it. All kinds of household furniture made of wood, and wagons, and nearly all kinds of agricultural implements could be manufactured with great advantage to manufacturers, to the town, and to the surrounding country.

Some parts of the town have the appearance of a small country village just large enough, as some one (probably a crusty old bachelor) has said, "to every woman's and every man's business," while some of the stores are quite metropolitan in size, internal arrangements and amounts of business carried on in them. Near the centre are some very dilapidated and primitive buildings, including several log cabins that were never more than third rate, and would now hardly make respectable hen roosts. There are many very fine residences in the town and its beautiful suburbs, and much has been done towards improving the streets here, and some of them are in about the condition that I presume they were immediately after the Deluge. But there are extensive evidences of a determination on the part of the "powers that be" to improve them soon. Lebanon is situated so far in the interior of the State that I think

ITS POPULATION

may be taken as a fair sample of that of Kentucky, being principally Kentuckians, who have as naturally adopted the customs and sentiments of their section of country as New Englanders have of theirs or Turks become Mahometans. Mankind are all creatures of circumstances, and, if this fact were more generally understood and acted upon rationally, it would be better for all sections of our country. During the late war the political sentiments of the inhabitants were nearly equally divided in this town than in many others, and partisan feeling ran very high. I am informed, but I have discovered very little evidence of the existence of it now. The people are generally very much inclined to adopt the sentiment of the motto of the

"Cry will or save each other,
And we'll all stand sink together,
Then we'll have to drink no more."

Here, as in all other parts of the State, the subject of debt is a serious and dangerous one. There is a general desire to pay off the debts that have been contracted, but there is a great diversity of opinion as to the best means of doing so. Many think that the debts ought to be paid in the currency in which they were contracted, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so, as it by some other power compelled them to borrow it. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in the currency now in use, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in gold, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in silver, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in copper, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in iron, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in lead, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in tin, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in zinc, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in nickel, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in aluminum, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in platinum, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in iridium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in osmium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in rhodium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in ruthenium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in palladium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in mercury, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in arsenic, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in antimony, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in bismuth, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in cadmium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in cobalt, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in nickel, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in manganese, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in chromium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in vanadium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in tungsten, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in molybdenum, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in titanium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in zirconium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in thorium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in cerium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in lanthanum, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in didymium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in yttrium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in erbium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in terbium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in ytterbium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in scandium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in gallium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in indium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in thallium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in germanium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in tellurium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in selenium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in bromine, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in iodine, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in fluorine, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in chlorine, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in nitrogen, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in oxygen, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in hydrogen, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in helium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in argon, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in neon, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in krypton, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in xenon, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in radon, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in francium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in radium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in actinium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in thorium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in protactinium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in uranium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in neptunium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in plutonium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in americium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in curium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in berkelium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in californium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in einsteinium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in fermium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in mendelevium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in nobelium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in lawrencium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in rutherfordium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in dubnium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in seaborgium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in bohrium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in hassium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in meitnerium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in darmstadtium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in roentgenium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in copernicium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in nihonium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in flerovium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in moscovium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in livermorium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in tennessine, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in oganesson, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in ununennium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbinilium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbiunium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbitrium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbipentium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbihexium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbiseptium, and that the State should levy a tax sufficient to do so. Others think that the debts ought to be paid in unbioct

[LOUISVILLE] DAILY JOURNAL.

[...] DECEMBER 22, 1869.

[...] and Arrival of Mails at [...]ouisville Postoffice.

[...]

THE NEWS.

[...] closed yesterday at 120 3-8.

[...]rick L. Cooper, the well-known [...] has resigned.

[...] ordered the Mansfield [...] to convene on the 11th of January.

[...]-Comm. Scouller at the United [...] of the Spanish cupboats, from [...] to Charleston, S. C.

[...]ew Stowe, a well-known Bar[...] died in Boston, yesterday morn[...]

[...] officiated at the Post [...] Rev. Mr. Wyatt, who [...] to visit [...]

[...]cessful attempt was made on [...] to rob the Lumbermen's Savings [...]

[...] Orleans landlord, in order to [...] tenant, knocked the house [...]

[...]mphis Appeal newspaper was [...] a decree of the Chancery Court, be[...] and H. Kirke was the pur[...]

[...]he Masonic fraternity at Poughkeep[...]N. Y., last night celebrated St. John's Day at [...] with a banquet and the installation [...] officers.

[...]Dr. J. V. Van Scoadt, of Sebastian coun[...]Arkansas, was shot and killed by Ed. Brown, [...] Both parties were drunk at the time. [...] was committed to jail.

[...]y livery stable of Arnold & Arms[...] adjoining restaurant, at Carrollton, [...] burned on Sunday morning. Cause, [...]arism. Loss $10,000; no insurance.

[...]extreme mild weather at Pough[...]y N. Y., last night celebrated St. John's Day at [...] with a banquet and the installation [...] officers.

[...]Dr. J. V. Van Scoadt, of Sebastian coun[...]Arkansas, was shot and killed by Ed. Brown, [...] Both parties were drunk at the time. [...] was committed to jail.

[...]The most destructive fire of many [...] occurred at Syracuse, N. Y., yesterday [...] at 6 o'clock. The large brick stores on [...] Block, owned by Gideon Hanley & [...], were destroyed. Loss about $460,000; [...]red for $270,000.

[...]The Council of the Cherokee Nation ad[...]journed on the 20th ult., and was immediately re[...]convened by Chief Downing. Nothing of impor[...]tance has been done, except giving a recep[...]tion to the representatives of the four railroads, [...]ing rights of way through the Nation.

[...]Last Friday night two brothers, named [...] and Lewis Johnson, residing seven [...] west of Jacksonville, Ill., while drunk, [...] them Thomas drew a knife and [...] his brother several times, none of which [...] died. He surrendered himself.

[...]David Joseph, a merchant in Cincinnati, [...] to New York on Tuesday by Justice [...]esberry, on a requisition of Governor [illegible], who proceeded and charged [illegible] from Chaffin & Co. by false pretenses. The case will probably be investi[illegible] in Pomeroy.

[...]Henry T. Lonsdale, a prominent mer[illegible] of New Orleans, died on Friday last. For [illegible] he has been a most prominent coffee [illegible] and his name has been identified [illegible] with the commercial history of New Or[illegible]. He was a genial, hospitable gentleman, [illegible] a large number of friends, who will min[illegible] his loss.

[...]A difficulty between the New Orleans [illegible] and Collector Casey has ended in a [illegible]. In a card to the editor of the Times [illegible] he says: "My attention has been called [illegible] articles in your paper reflecting upon [illegible] in the disposition of the personal [illegible] of the Custom-House. I have never [illegible] to the Administration of the Government will per[illegible] to sustain me in the discharge of my duties [illegible] the interests of the Government will per[illegible] competent and true servants, and that [illegible] will remove them and appoint Republi[illegible]."

[...]Friday last Colonel Stowe, a farmer, [illegible] Harmony, Clay county, Indiana, [illegible]-five years old. While separated [illegible] from his family, and while [illegible] got so drunk that a young man, named [illegible] stripped him of his money, amounting [illegible] to $70, and then put him home. They reached Colonel Stowe's [illegible] Roberts put up his horses and both re[illegible] to bed. About eight o'clock [illegible] got up, and while he was building a [illegible] Roberts, Mr. Clifton, entered the [illegible] and commenced beating Colonel Stowe [illegible] on the head. Roberts, hearing [illegible] of distress, entered the room and [illegible] Clifton seized a gun that stood near and [illegible] dead. The murderer is under ar[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

Last Week of the Circus.

[...]ring the closing week of Robinson's cir[illegible] having derived no small amount of [illegible] from its exhibitions during the past [illegible] we take a peculiar pleasure in ad[illegible] our readers not to lose the opportunity to [illegible] Here, in our midst, we have a repe[illegible] of the entertainments of the past season [illegible] in one company. At the Head [illegible] the thrilling act by trained rodent, [illegible] Rats, introduced by Mr. Frank Melville, [illegible] bare-back rider has become wonderful [illegible] who as the Paris Exposition was de[illegible] with the wonders of all nations the wonder [illegible] of the world." From several [illegible] besides, including the Queen of England, [illegible] the commander of approbation. Next [illegible] his sister Clarissa, whose daring [illegible] little less than his intrepid father. [illegible] of the other members of this excellent com[illegible]. Little Weston, one of the most [illegible] equestrians in the profession, has [illegible] not slightly pleased the audiences that [illegible] often graced our Opera House. Next [illegible] Mr. Kadr, the champion [illegible] heavy, burlious leap over half a score of [illegible] every beholder with amaze[illegible] Madigan, also a name "familiar [illegible] the ring," in the graceful [illegible] horsemanship and double somersault excite the [illegible] astonishment and enthusiasm of the audience, [illegible] merit unless. Another member of this [illegible] company is Mr. Frank Robinson, the celebrated [illegible] contortionist, whose wonderful feats might well [illegible] cause to suppose him boneless—a veritable [illegible] of rubber. Messrs. Nelson and Burbank [illegible] have also rendered their names most favorably [illegible] with our public, as has also Mr. Mat[illegible] Jones, than whom for front lines, in the ratio[illegible] ring, the Lord Jim Reynolds, the [illegible] clown, who seldom opens his mouth but [illegible] something good comes out of it.

[illegible] talent, and situated so comfortably [illegible] company is at our Opera House. It is cer[illegible] an attraction for a Louisville audience.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

[illegible] in the case of the orphans of Mr. Bradley [illegible] Mayor's office this morning.

[illegible] Smith, a white [illegible] was whipped [illegible] and officer of Third and Jefferson yesterday.

[illegible] was a volunteer rocket in the city [illegible] Saturday night, the result of Christmas [illegible] eve.

[illegible] Hunter was being [illegible] at the intersection of Fifth and Main, and [illegible] Main street.

[illegible] Saturday by Nicholas Trachte [illegible] Main, a large [illegible] was burned in [illegible] He had not carried out his key in the [illegible] door, and [illegible] the flames. The building contains [illegible] occupied by [illegible] Trachte's loss will be about $1,500; insurance $1,000.

[illegible] Lebanon on the 15th of January next the price of tickets [illegible] will be $7. The [illegible] is [illegible] from the harness.

A TITLE attempt to drive a worthless car from a horses on Jefferson street, [illegible] Fifth, was frustrated by the [illegible] of the [illegible] conductor's merriment yesterday afternoon.

[illegible] Hay, Dr. W. E. Offley, for [illegible] a [illegible] On the 4th of September of the present [illegible] Louisville Asylum, at Lexington, proposes to estab[illegible] a private lunatic asylum in this city.

JAMES CALLAHAN and Joseph Lodley were [illegible] in Clay-street Station-house last night for [illegible] and [illegible] Wm. Pope, a convict, with [illegible] to kill. The last struck the negro in the [illegible] head, inflicting a serious wound.

W. H. MILNER, of Wildberry, Washington [illegible] Ky., got drunk yesterday and went to the cloth[illegible] of Mr. Millersbaugh, on the corner of [illegible] Brook and Floyd streets, and [illegible] Schaefer, for which he was gobbled up by the "mo[illegible] troops."

AN ELECTION will be held on Saturday next upon the question of subscribing $100,000 to the Louisville Southern Railroad Company. Clerks of the election can obtain the necessary poll-books by calling on Jno. M. Vaughan, Esq., Clerk of the City Council.

THE offices of the United States Marshal, Deputy Marshal, Clerk of the Court, Collector of Internal Revenue, Assessor, United States Depository and United States Paymaster Agent, in the Custom-house, were closed yesterday on account of the death of Hon. Edwin M. Stanton.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD that a gentleman of estate means from C. Jouge is in this city for the purpose of establishing a large wholesale machinery [illegible] between Rudders house. He has [illegible] all [illegible] eligible of them all.

RICHARD T. COLTON, young Lieutenant, has been engaged to take charge of the military department recently organized in the Westorpa University, in Hillsborough, Ky. Major Colston is the accomplished officer who commanded a corps of cadets at Lexington University last year.

DUNLAP SMITH left town on the house of Mr. Howard, who lives but little over the city, on the Taylorsville pike, and obtained permission to stay all night. Yesterday morning he left before daylight, having with him a fine suit of clothes and several other articles belonging to Mr. Howard.

WARNER BRIDGES became involved to a quarrel with William Pullen, at the saloon of Mike Brands, on the corner of Clay and Jefferson streets, Saturday night, and Bridges fired two shots, one of which took effect in Pullen's stomach, inflicting a painful but not dangerous wound. Both had been drinking.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the mess meeting of the 30th inst., held for the purpose of adding the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home and Industry, will be held in the small hall of the Masonic Temple to-morrow night. The committee announce will make their report. Every friend of the enterprise should attend.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON SMOKE was discovered issuing from one of the new blocks of buildings on Court Place owned by Mr. Dunnegan. Upon investigation it was found that the smoke came from a defective flue. The affair created quite an excitement, until the cessation of the smoke was ascertained.

MR. JOHN H. ORR, book-keeper of Porch, Cooke & Bryant, was, on Christmas, presented by the members of the firm and his associate clerks in the house a gift of a very handsome fur coat. The presentation was quite a surprise to the recipient, gentleman thus substantially complimented, and the occasion brought forth, as may well be supposed, some happy and appropriate speeches.

THE FUNERAL of Capt. W. W. Price, captain of the steam fire engine A. Y. Johnson, who died from the effects of the gunshot wound received by [illegible] Saturday evening, will take place from his late residence on Portland avenue, with Knights Templar and his two sons. Jos. and Irvin, took place [illegible] afternoon. Firemen, or as many as could be spared from duty, attended his funeral dressed in uniform. The fire bells were tolled during the day.

THE ADVENTURE LADY friends of Mrs. M. Lichten, who left Louisville for Memphis, Tenn., on Monday [illegible] (having already been preceded by her husband, who is engaged in business there), took [illegible] on the evening of the 20th to compliment her with a handsome parting present at the residence of Mr. Foss, on Fifth street. A little address, made by the lady of Rev. Dr. Kleberg, is spoken of as being most beautiful and eloquent, and the entire affair was a most pleasant and enjoyable, as it must have been gratifying to the worthy lady.

THE WASHINGTON CHRONICLE of the 21st inst. says: Senator Sawyer, of Louisville, would like an appointment for pension, whose claim had been rejected because he had not contracted the disability of which he complained in the service of the United States, but being satisfied with the decision of the "powers that be," determined to prosecute it himself in proper person and demonstrate the right to it heaped he claimed. He arrived in this city on Tuesday, and yesterday entered his demand at the Pension Office, speedily following it up by a $5, or an attempt at one, which was pronounced a fraud. The sanitary police were sent for and took him in charge.

THE CITY ENGINEER.

Death of Dr. George Stealey.

The death of Dr. George Stealey, our late City Engineer, was announced yesterday morning, the sad event having occurred about the hour of 4 o'clock A. M. The state of his health for some months had [illegible] his friends to believe that his death was near at hand, but his demise was sudden and unexpected, as he was mentioned in his last hour, save by his faithful friend, Mr. Thomas Carey. His disease was consumption, and it will be consoling to his friends to learn that he died without apparent pain, in full possession of his faculties, and in a spirit of perfect resignation. The remains were conveyed to Frankfort by the train this evening, and will be deposited in the cemetery there on Wednesday, near the final resting-place of his deceased wife, at the time of his death Dr. Stealey was in the fifty-seven years of age. He leaves four interesting children.

The Mayor has very properly called the General Council together in view of the event, and that body will meet at 10 o'clock this morning and take appropriate cognizance of it. The City Hall flags were at half-mast yesterday morning, and the bells on the public buildings were solled, and the exhibition of sorrow on the part of those among whom the intelligence had spread was general.

Dr. Stealey was born in an interior town in New Jersey, but spent a portion of his early life in Pennsylvania, where he received the rudiments of his education. He came to Kentucky subsequently with his older brother, Matthew, and located at Frankfort. He then became a student of medicine, and, taking the usual courses, graduated with honors at the same institution, having belonged to the class of the brilliant and lamented Robert C. Breckinridge.

His new mathematics, however, was more to his taste, and, abandoning the profession of medicine, he addressed himself to engineering. His first experience as a civil engineer was upon the improvement on the Kentucky river. The remains of his labors in that direction are a tribute to his devotion to high public trusts and to his skill as a man of science. It is a coincidence that his last intelligible conversation with his elder brother (who is a student of engineering) was in regard to the improvement of the navigation of the Kentucky river, expressing a wish to aid in the project, and furnishing some details of his plan.

For a man who has in a short life-time accomplished so much of good, Dr. Stealey's career has been a versatile one. His character has been fully explored, he made a trip to that region, and spent much time there in actual labor for a subsistence and in scientific researches. While there he scratched himself on a fruitless search for gold. He returned to Louisville and, in the [illegible] of the [illegible] Dr. Stealey [illegible] was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]